

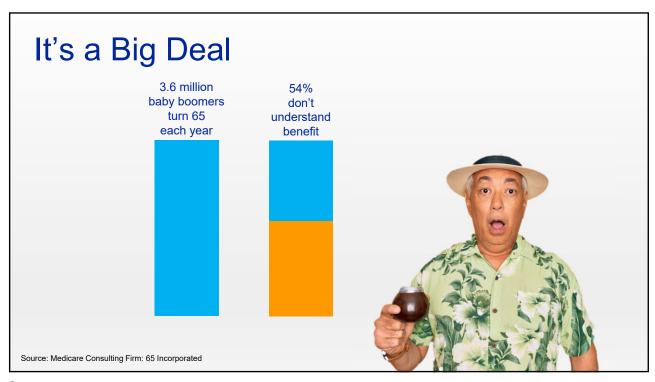
What We'll Cover Today

: Medicare Basics

: What Do the "Parts" Mean?

: Costs

: Other Options



What is Medicare?

- : National health insurance program for retirees
- : Includes a combination of public and private insurance
- : Enroll through Social Security Administration







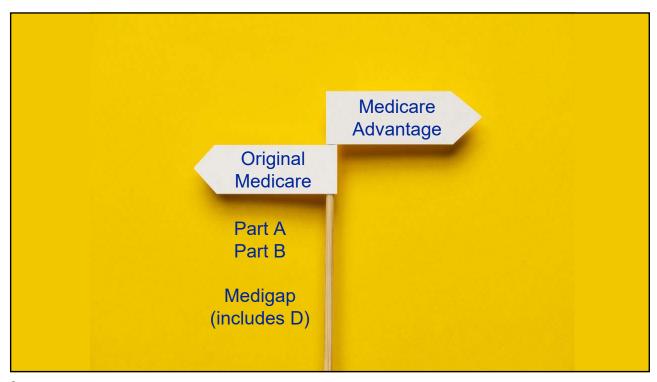
What the "Parts" Mean

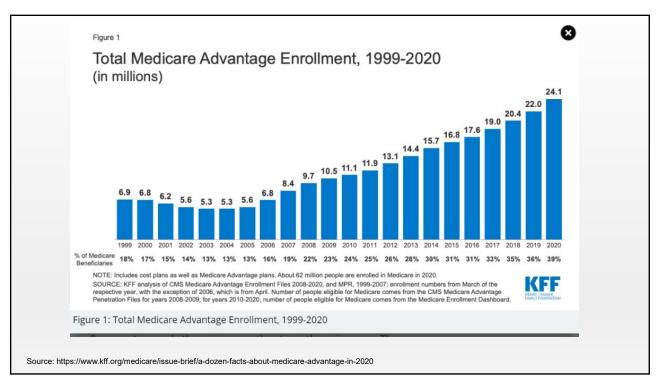
Part A – Hospital Insurance

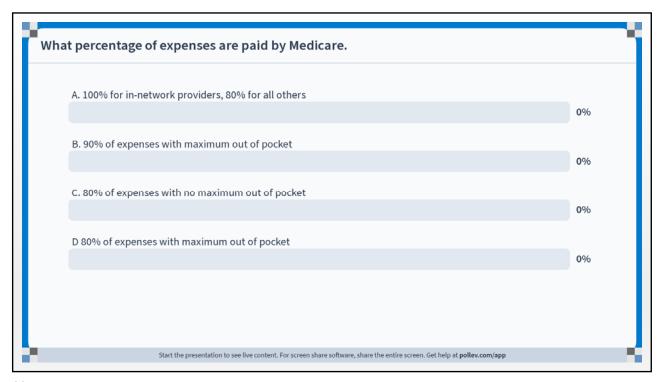
Part B – Medical Insurance

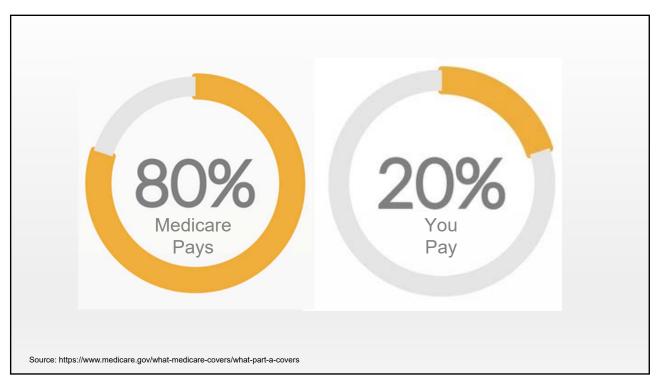
Part C – Medicare Advantage Plans

Part D – Prescription Drug Coverage









Part A – Hospital Coverage

: Hospital

: Skilled Nursing Facility

: Home Health Care

: Hospice



Source: https://www.medicare.gov/what-medicare-covers/what-part-a-covers

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Part A-Hospital Insurance

- : \$1,632 deductible (2024)
- : Days 1-60 \$0 coinsurance
- : Days 61-90 \$408 coinsurance per day
- : Days 91 and beyond \$816 per lifetime reserve day (60 days in your lifetime)
- : After 150 days you pay all costs
- : Benefit periods reset if you are out of the hospital for 60 consecutive days

Source: https://www.medicare.gov/your-medicare-costs/part-a-costs

Part A – Hospital Insurance

Costs for Part A

• FREE (no monthly premiums) if you're fully eligible for Social Security (40 quarters)

Source: https://www.medicare.gov/your-medicare-costs/part-a-costs

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Part B - Medical Insurance

- : Doctor's visits
- : Outpatient Hospital Services
- : Clinical Lab Tests
- : Preventive Services



Part B - Medical Insurance

- : Monthly premium deducted from SS check or bill sent if you haven't started SS
- : Covers 80% after \$240 deductible
- : No out-of-pocket limit so supplemental insurance is needed

Source: https://www.medicare.gov/your-medicare-costs/part-b-costs

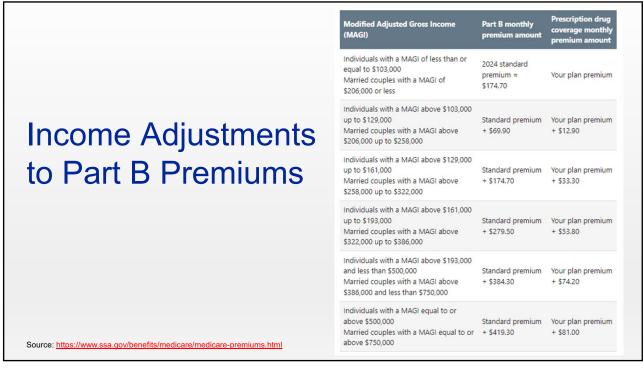
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Part B - Medical Insurance

Costs for Part B

- \$174.70 per month for most in 2024
- Higher income people pay more

Source: https://www.medicare.gov/your-medicare-costs/part-b-costs



Part D - Prescription Drug Insurance

- : Covers part of the cost of prescription drugs
- : Offered through private insurers
- : Need to shop for plans based on what medicines you take
- : Monthly premiums increase as income rises





Medigap Plans

- : MUST HAVE with traditional Medicare
- : Sold by insurance companies
- : Average monthly premium \$152 but costs range widely (according to one study)

Source: https://www.medicareadvantage.com/costs/average-cost-of-medicare-supplement



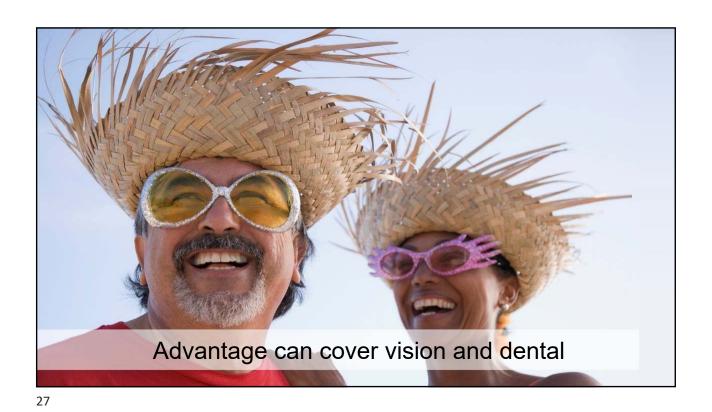
Medicare Advantage

- : Bundled plan sold by insurance companies
- : Still pay for Part B then a supplemental cost for everything else
- : Can be HMO or PPO
- : Can include coverage for things not covered by traditional Medicare (dental, vision, etc)
- : May be lower cost

Source: https://www.medicarefaq.com/faqs/average-cost-of-medicare-advantage/







Different Enrollment Periods

Enrollment
(seven-month period
surrounding
your 65th birthday)

Special Enrollment (only for those who delay due to other coverage)

General Enrollment (ability to enroll annually)



Special Enrollment Period

- Those with employer coverage have until8 months after employer coverage ends
- Next annual election period October 15 –
 December 7 with coverage beginning on
 January 1

Source: Medicare.gov/sign-up-change-plans/joining-a-health-or-drug-plan#: \$\$ -text=When % 20 you % 20 first % 20 become % 20 eligible, switch % 2C % 20 or % 20 drop % 20 al M20 plan. \$\$

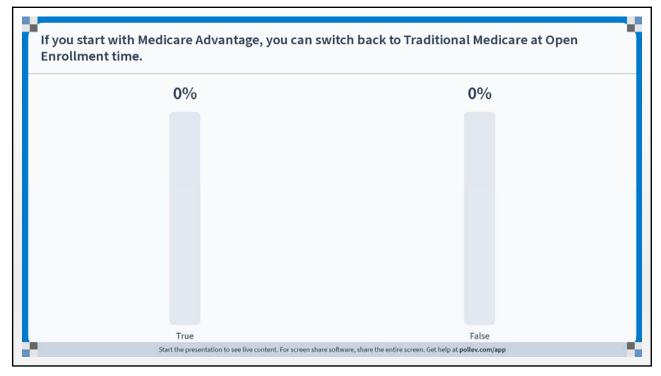
Annual Open Enrollment

- : October 15 December 7
- Current Medicare beneficiaries who want to start, switch or drop a Medicare Advantage or drug plan
- : Changes take effect January 1

Insurance companies can change premiums at any time, so check every year!

 $Source: Medicare.gov/sign-up-change-plans/joining-a-health-or-drug-plan#: $$ \end{supplies} $$ ext=When \% 20 you \% 20 first \% 20 become \% 20 eligible, switch \% 2C \% 20 or \% 20 drop \% 20 al \% 20 plan. $$ ext=100 eligible, $$ ext=100 eligib$

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If You Fail to Apply

- : Part A: No penalties since Part A is free
- : Part B: 10% penalty for every 12-month period you could have had Part B, *paid for as long as you have Part B (the rest of your life)*
- : Part D: You owe a late enrollment penalty if there is a period of 63 or more days in a row where you didn't have Part D or other credible prescription drug coverage.

Source: https://www.medicare.gov/pubs/pdf/10050-medicare-and-you.pdf. Example for illustration purposes only.

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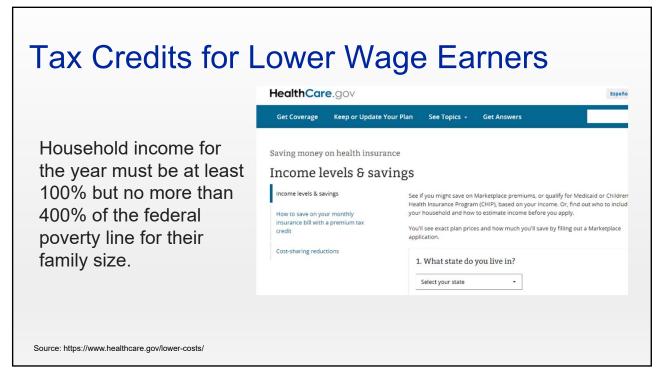
www.medicare.gov

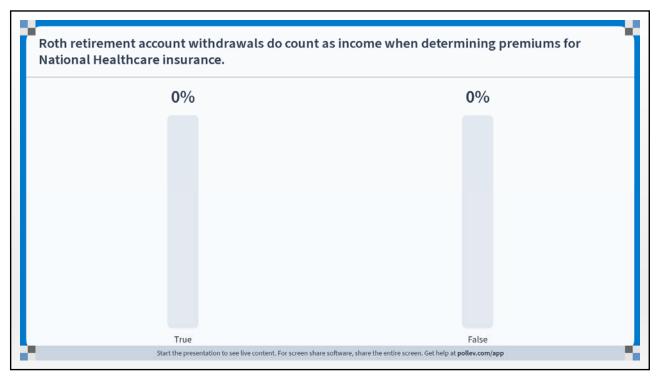
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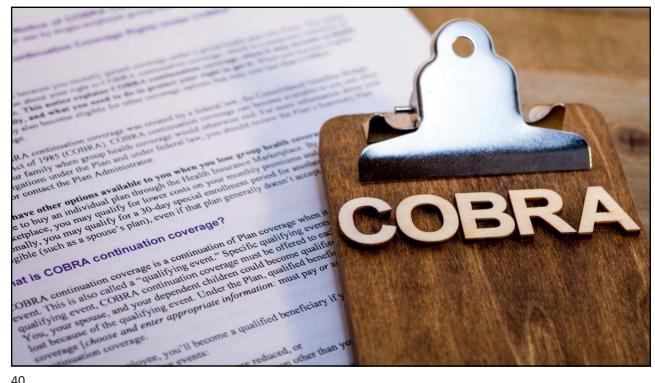
What About Before Age 65?

- : National Marketplace (Obamacare)
- : COBRA
- : Employer Insurance
- : Private Insurance (underwriting is required)









COBRA

: Employee must end employment or have reduced hours

AND

Employee became eligible for Medicare less than 18 months before then

THEN

: COBRA coverage for spouse and dependents can last 36 months after the date the employee is entitled to Medicare

Source: https://www.dol.gov/sites/dolgov/files/ebsa/about-ebsa/our-activities/resource-center/faqs/cobra-continuation-health-coverage-consumer.pdf

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