Background

• The Veterans Health Administration (VHA) has broad authority to form partnerships with health care providers, outside of the VHA, to ensure all veterans have access to the services they need. Many of these partnerships are implemented and managed by one of 23 regional Veterans Integrated Services Networks (VISN).
• The VISN has extensively invested in establishing partnerships with the private sector around a model of care referred to as Community-Based Outpatient Clinics (CBOC).
• CBOC’s have been around for nearly 30 years and mark the beginning of an official VA’s step away from a hospital-centered care model. The VISN has extensively invested in establishing integrated services networks (VISN).

Objective

• To conduct a comprehensive systematic review to identify evidence to translate the CBOC model of care into an inpatient setting.

Methods

• Met with a MU librarian who had extensive experience working with MU students and faculty in health care systematic reviews. She helped develop our comprehensive search strategy according to the Preferred Reporting Items for Systematic Review and Meta-analysis checklist (PRISMA).

• The search terms included varying versions of the following: Veterans Health Administration (VHA), Medicare, dual enrollment, and the 12 physical medicine and rehabilitation services defined by Medicare (stroke, spinal cord injury, amputation, hip fracture, brain injury, multiple sclerosis, Parkinson’s disease, arthritis, knee replacement, hip replacement, and burns).

• Articles were included in this stage using the following criteria: 1) They were published between 2012 and 2022 and 2) included mention in their title or abstract of veterans, one of the PM&R services being studied, and/or Medicare.

Study Selection Process

Identification

Records identified through PubMed screening (n = 464)

Screening

Records screened by the abstract and full title (n = 464) → Records excluded (n = 375)

Preliminary Results

Distribution of Included Studies

Discussion

• Our abstract & full title screening elicited 89 articles that are eligible for the second screening stage.
• The preliminary findings suggest a gap in the literature around very few key diagnostic conditions typically treated in inpatient rehabilitation hospitals. One of greatest concerns among these preliminary findings is the lack of the literature around treating patients with severe burns.
• The VA population suffering from burns has recently been the subject of national policy making. On August 10, 2022, President Biden signed the Sergeant First Class Heath Robinson Honor our Promise to Address Comprehensive Toxics (PACT) Act into law. The PACT Act expands coverage and benefits for Veterans exposed to burn pits, Agent Orange, and other toxic substances.

Next Steps

• Lisa Grabert and other MU faculty will go through the second round of screening by reviewing the full text of each of the 89 studies selected in the first round.
• Full texts that do not fit our research criteria will be documented and excluded from the review.

Acknowledgements

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References

3 VA’s step away from a hospital-centered care model. The VISN has extensively invested in establishing integrated services networks (VISN).
4 The CBOC system of care has yielded positive outcomes, especially for veterans located in rural areas.
5 Veterans treated in CBOC’s have been around for nearly 30 years and mark the beginning of an official VA’s step away from a hospital-centered care model. The VISN has extensively invested in establishing integrated services networks (VISN).
6 The preliminary findings suggest a gap in the literature around very few key diagnostic conditions typically treated in inpatient rehabilitation hospitals. One of greatest concerns among these preliminary findings is the lack of the literature around treating patients with severe burns.
7 The VA population suffering from burns has recently been the subject of national policy making. On August 10, 2022, President Biden signed the Sergeant First Class Heath Robinson Honor our Promise to Address Comprehensive Toxics (PACT) Act into law. The PACT Act expands coverage and benefits for Veterans exposed to burn pits, Agent Orange, and other toxic substances.
8 Our abstract & full title screening elicited 89 articles that are eligible for the second screening stage.
9 The preliminary findings suggest a gap in the literature around very few key diagnostic conditions typically treated in inpatient rehabilitation hospitals. One of greatest concerns among these preliminary findings is the lack of the literature around treating patients with severe burns.
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